

Commission on Dental Accreditation

Accreditation Standards for Dental Therapy Education Programs

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Commission on Dental Accreditation

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Commission on Dental Accreditation

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Document Revision History

<u>Date</u>	<u>Item</u>	<u>Action</u>
February 6, 2015	Accreditation Standards for Dental Therapy Education Programs	Adopted
August 7, 2015	Accreditation Standards for Dental Therapy Education Programs	Implemented
February 5, 2016	Revised Accreditation Status Definitions	Approved, Implemented
August 5, 2016	Revised Mission Statement	Adopted
January 1, 2017	Revised Mission Statement	Implemented
January 1, 2018	Areas of Oversight at Sites Where Educational Activity Occurs (new Standard 2-5, revisions to Standards 3-4, 3-5, and 3-7)	Adopted Implemented
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Mission Statement of the Commission on Dental Accreditation

The Commission on Dental Accreditation serves the public and dental professions by developing and implementing accreditation standards that promote and monitor the continuous quality and improvement of dental education programs.

Commission on Dental Accreditation
Adopted: August 5, 2016; Revised August 6, 2021

Accreditation Status Definitions

Programs Which Are Fully Operational

Approval (*without reporting requirements*): An accreditation classification granted to an educational program indicating that the program achieves or exceeds the basic requirements for accreditation.

Approval (*with reporting requirements*): An accreditation classification granted to an educational program indicating that specific deficiencies or weaknesses exist in one or more areas of the program. Evidence of compliance with the cited standards must be demonstrated within eighteen (18) months if the program is between one and two years in length or two years if the program is at least two years in length. If the deficiencies are not corrected within the specified time period, accreditation will be withdrawn, unless the Commission extends the period for achieving compliance for good cause. Identification of new deficiencies during the reporting time period will not result in a modification of the specified deadline for compliance with prior deficiencies.

Circumstances under which an extension for good cause would be granted include, but are not limited to:

- sudden changes in institutional commitment;
- natural disaster which affects affiliated agreements between institutions; faculty support; or facilities;
- changes in institutional accreditation;
- interruption of an educational program due to unforeseen circumstances that take faculty, administrators or students away from the program.

Revised: 8/17; 2/16; 5/12; 1/99; Reaffirmed: 8/23; 8/18; 8/13; 8/10, 7/05; Adopted: 1/98

Programs Which Are Not Fully Operational

A program which has not enrolled and graduated at least one class of students/residents and does not have students/residents enrolled in each year of the program is defined by the Commission as not fully operational. The accreditation classification granted by the Commission on Dental Accreditation to programs which are not fully operational is “initial accreditation.” When initial accreditation status is granted to a developing education program, it is in effect through the projected enrollment date. However, if enrollment of the first class is delayed for two consecutive years following the projected enrollment date, the program’s accreditation will be discontinued, and the institution must reapply for initial accreditation and update pertinent information on program development. Following this, the Commission will reconsider granting initial accreditation status. The developing education program must not enroll students/residents/fellows with advanced standing beyond its regularly enrolled cohort, while holding the accreditation status of “initial accreditation.”

Initial Accreditation is the accreditation classification granted to any dental, advanced dental or allied dental education program which is not yet fully operational. This accreditation classification provides evidence to educational institutions, licensing bodies, government or other granting agencies that, at the time of initial evaluation(s), the developing education program has the potential for meeting the standards set forth in the requirements for an accredited educational program for the

specific occupational area. The classification “initial accreditation” is granted based upon one or more site evaluation visit(s).

Revised: 8/23; 7/08; Reaffirmed: 8/18; 8/13; 8/10; Adopted: 2/02

Introduction

Accreditation

Accreditation is a non-governmental, voluntary peer review process by which educational institutions or programs may be granted public recognition for compliance with accepted standards of quality and performance. Specialized accrediting agencies exist to assess and verify educational quality in particular professions or occupations to ensure that individuals will be qualified to enter those disciplines. A specialized accrediting agency recognizes the course of instruction which comprises a unique set of skills and knowledge, develops the accreditation standards by which such educational programs are evaluated, conducts evaluation of programs, and publishes a list of accredited programs that meet the national accreditation standards. Accreditation standards are developed in consultation with those affected by the standards who represent the broad communities of interest.

The Commission on Dental Accreditation

The Commission on Dental accreditation is the specialized accrediting agency recognized by the United States Department of Education to accredit programs that provide basic preparation for licensure or certification in dentistry and the related disciplines.

Dental Therapy Accreditation

The first dental therapy accreditation standards were developed by the Commission on Dental Accreditation in 2013. In an effort to provide the communities of interest with appropriate input into the latest revision of the standards, the Commission on Dental Accreditation used the following procedures: conducting surveys of communities of interest, holding open hearings and distributing widely a draft of the proposed revision of the standards for review and comment. Prior to approving the standards in February 2015, the Commission carefully considered comments received from all sources. The accreditation standards were implemented in August 2015.

Standards

Dental therapy education programs must meet the standards delineated in this document to achieve and maintain accreditation.

Standards 1 through 5 constitute *The Accreditation Standards for Dental Therapy Education Programs* by which the Commission on Dental Accreditation and its consultants evaluate Dental Therapy Education Programs for accreditation purposes. This entire document also serves as a program development guide for institutions that wish to establish new programs or improve existing programs. Many of the goals related to the educational environment and the corresponding standards were influenced by best practices in accreditation from other health professions.

The standards identify those aspects of program structure and operation that the Commission regards as essential to program quality and achievement of program goals. They specify the minimum acceptable requirements for programs and provide guidance regarding alternative and preferred methods of meeting standards.

Although the standards are comprehensive and applicable to all institutions that offer dental therapy education programs, the Commission recognizes that methods of achieving standards may vary according to the mission, size, type and resources of sponsoring institutions. Innovation and experimentation with alternative ways of providing required education and training are encouraged, assuming standards are met and compliance can be demonstrated. The Commission recognizes the importance of academic freedom, and an institution is allowed considerable flexibility in structuring its educational program so that it can meet the *Standards*. No curriculum has enduring value, and a program will not be judged by conformity to a given type. The Commission also recognizes that schools organize their faculties in a variety of ways. Instruction necessary to achieve the prescribed levels of knowledge and skill may be provided by the educational unit(s) deemed most appropriate by each institution.

The Commission has an obligation to the public, the profession and prospective students to assure that accredited Dental Therapy Education Programs provide an identifiable and characteristic core of required education, training and experience.

Format of the Standards

Each standard is numbered (e.g., 1-1, 1-2) and in bold print. Where appropriate, standards are accompanied by statements of intent that explain the rationale, meaning and significance of the standard. This format is intended to clarify the meaning and application of standards for both those responsible for educational programs and those who evaluate these programs for the Commission.

Statement of General Policy

Maintaining and improving the quality of dental therapy education is a primary aim of the Commission on Dental Accreditation. In meeting its responsibilities as a specialized accrediting agency recognized by the dental profession and by the United States Department of Education, the Commission on Dental Accreditation:

1. Evaluates dental therapy education programs on the basis of the extent to which program goals, institutional objectives and approved accreditation standards are met;
2. Supports continuing evaluation of and improvements in dental therapy education programs through institutional self-evaluation;
3. Encourages innovations in program design based on sound educational principles;
4. Provides consultation in initial and ongoing program development.

As a specialized accrediting agency, the Commission relies on an authorized institutional accrediting agency's evaluation of the institution's objectives, policies, administration, financial and educational resources and its total educational effort. The Commission's evaluation will be confined to those factors which are directly related to the quality of the dental therapy program. In evaluating the curriculum in institutions that are accredited by a U.S. Department of Education-recognized regional or national accrediting agency, the Commission will concentrate on those courses which have been developed specifically for the dental therapy program and core courses developed for related disciplines. When an institution has been granted "candidate for accreditation" status by a regional or national accrediting agency, the Commission will accept that status as evidence that the general education and biomedical science courses included in the dental therapy curriculum meet accepted standards, provided such courses are of appropriate level and content for the discipline.

The importance of institutional academic freedom is recognized by the Commission, and the Accreditation Standards allow institutions considerable flexibility in structuring their educational programs. The Commission encourages the achievement of excellence through curricular innovation and development of institutional individuality. Dependent upon its objectives, resources, and state practice act provisions, the institution may elect to extend the scope of the curriculum to include content and instruction in additional areas.

Programs and their sponsoring institutions are encouraged to provide for the educational mobility of students through articulation arrangements and career laddering (e.g., between dental therapy education programs and dental hygiene or dental assisting education programs).

Institutions and programs are also strongly encouraged to develop mechanisms to award advanced standing for students who have completed coursework at other educational programs accredited by the Commission on Dental Accreditation or by use of appropriate qualifying or proficiency examinations.

This entire document constitutes the Accreditation Standards for Dental Therapy Education Programs. Each standard is numbered (e.g., 1-1, 1-2) and in bold print. Where appropriate, standards are accompanied by statements of intent that explain the rationale, meaning and significance of the standard. Expanded guidance in the form of examples to assist programs in better understanding and interpreting the “must” statements within the standards follow. This format is intended to clarify the meaning and application of standards for both those responsible for educational programs and those who evaluate these programs for the Commission.

Goals

The assessment of quality in educational programs is the foundation for the *Standards*. In addition to the emphasis on quality education, the *Accreditation Standards for Dental Therapy Education Programs* are designed to meet the following goals:

1. to protect the public welfare;
2. to promote an educational environment that fosters innovation and continuous improvement;
3. to guide institutions in developing their academic programs;
4. to guide site visit teams in making judgments regarding the quality of the program and;
5. to provide students with reasonable assurance that the program is meeting its stated objectives.

Specific objectives of the current version of the Standards include:

- streamlining the accreditation process by including only standards critical to the evaluation of the quality of the educational program;
- increasing the focus on competency statements in curriculum-related standards; and
- emphasizing an educational environment and goals that foster critical thinking and prepare graduates to be life-long learners.

To sharpen its focus on the quality of dental therapy education, the Commission on Dental Accreditation includes standards related to institutional effectiveness. Standard 1, “Institutional Effectiveness,” guides the self-study and preparation for the site visit away from a periodic approach by encouraging establishment of internal planning and assessment that is ongoing and continuous. Dental therapy education programs are expected to demonstrate that planning and assessment are implemented at all levels of the academic and administrative enterprise. The *Standards* focus, where necessary, on institutional resources and processes, but primarily on the results of those processes and the use of those results for institutional improvement.

The following steps comprise a recommended approach to an assessment process designed to measure the quality and effectiveness of programs and units with educational, patient care, research and service missions. The assessment process should include:

1. establishing a clearly defined purpose/mission appropriate to dental therapy education, patient care, research and service;
2. formulating goals consistent with the purpose/mission;
3. designing and implementing outcomes measures to determine the degree of achievement or progress toward stated goals;
4. acquiring feedback from internal and external groups to interpret the results and develop recommendations for improvement (viz., using a broad-based effort for program/unit assessment);
5. using the recommendations to improve the programs and units; and
6. re-evaluating the program or unit purpose and goals in light of the outcomes of this assessment process.

Implementation of this process will also enhance the credibility and accountability of educational programs.

It is anticipated that the *Accreditation Standards for Dental Therapy Education Programs* will strengthen the teaching, patient care, research and service missions of schools. These *Standards* are national in scope and represent the minimum requirements expected for a dental therapy education program. However, the Commission encourages institutions to extend the scope of the curriculum to include content and instruction beyond the scope of the minimum requirements, consistent with the institution's own goals and objectives.

The foundation of these *Standards* is a competency-based model of education through which students acquire the level of competence needed to begin the practice of dental therapy. Competency is a complex set of capacities including knowledge, experience, critical thinking, problem-solving, professionalism, personal integrity and procedural skills that are necessary to begin the practice of dental therapy. These components of competency become an integrated whole during the delivery of patient care. Professional competence is the habitual and judicious use of communication, knowledge, critical appraisal, clinical reasoning, emotions, values and reflection in daily practice for the benefit of the individuals and communities served. Accordingly, learning experiences help students blend the various dimensions of competency into an integrated performance for the benefit of the patient. The assessment process focuses on measuring the student's overall capacity to function as an entry-level, beginning dental therapist rather than measuring individual skills in isolation.

In these *Standards* the competencies for dental therapy are described broadly. The Commission expects each school to develop specific competency definitions and assessment methods in the context of the broad scope of dental therapy practice. These competencies must be reflective of an evidence-based definition of dental therapy. To assist schools in defining and implementing their competencies, the Commission strongly encourages the development of a formal liaison mechanism between the school and the practicing dental community.

The objectives of the Commission are based on the premise that an institution providing a dental therapy educational program will strive continually to enhance the standards and quality of both scholarship and teaching. The Commission expects an educational institution offering such a program to conduct that program at a level consistent with the purposes and methods of higher education and to have academic excellence as its primary goal.

Definition of Terms Used in Accreditation Standards for Dental Therapy Education Programs

The terms used in this document indicate the relative weight that the Commission attaches to each statement. Definitions of these terms are provided.

Standard: Offers a rule or basis of comparison established in measuring or judging capacity, quantity, quality, content and value; criterion used as a model or pattern.

Must: Indicates an imperative need or a duty; an essential or indispensable item; mandatory.

Should: Indicates a method to achieve the standard; highly desirable, but not mandatory.

Intent: Intent statements are presented to provide clarification to dental therapy education programs in the application of, and in connection with, compliance with the *Accreditation Standards for Dental Therapy Education Programs*. The statements of intent set forth some of the reasons and purposes for the particular Standards. As such, these statements are not exclusive or exhaustive. Other purposes may apply.

Examples of evidence to demonstrate compliance include: Desirable condition, practice or documentation indicating the freedom or liberty to follow a suggested alternative.

Understanding: Knowledge and recognition of the principles and procedures involved in a particular concept or activity.

In-depth: Characterized by a thorough knowledge of concepts and theories for the purpose of critical analysis and the synthesis of more complete understanding (highest level of knowledge).

Competent: The levels of knowledge, skills and values required by the new graduates to begin dental therapy practice.

Competencies: Written statements describing the levels of knowledge, skills and values expected of graduates.

Instruction: Describes any teaching, lesson, rule or precept; details of procedure; directives.

Dental Therapy: Denotes education and training leading to dental therapy practice.

Community-based experience: Refers to educational opportunities for dental therapy students to provide patient care in community-based clinics or private practices under the supervision of faculty licensed to perform the treatment in accordance with the state dental practice act. Community-based experiences are not intended to be synonymous with community service

activities where dental therapy students might go to schools to teach preventive techniques or where dental therapy students help build homes for needy families.

Evidence-based dentistry (EBD): An approach to oral health care that requires the judicious integration of systematic assessments of clinically relevant scientific evidence, relating to the patient's oral and medical condition and history, with the clinician's expertise and the patient's treatment needs and preferences.

Patients with special needs: Those patients whose medical, physical, psychological, cognitive or social situations make it necessary to consider a wide range of assessment and care options in order to provide dental treatment. These individuals include, but are not limited to, people with developmental disabilities, cognitive impairment, complex medical problems, significant physical limitations, and the vulnerable elderly.

Quality assurance: A cycle of PLAN, DO, CHECK, ACT that involves setting goals, determining outcomes, and collecting data in an ongoing and systematic manner to measure attainment of goals and outcomes. The final step in quality assurance involves identification and implementation of corrective measures designed to strengthen the program.

Service learning: A structured experience with specific learning objectives that combines community service with academic preparation. Students engaged in service learning learn about their roles as dental therapists through provision of patient care and related services in response to community-based problems.

Advanced Standing: Programs and their sponsoring institutions are encouraged to provide for educational mobility of students through articulation arrangements and career laddering (e.g. between dental therapy education programs and dental hygiene or dental assisting education programs). Institutions and programs are also strongly encouraged to develop mechanisms to award advanced standing for students who have completed coursework at other educational programs accredited by the Commission on Dental Accreditation or by use of appropriate qualifying or proficiency examinations.

Advanced standing means the program has the authority to grant full or partial course credit for a specific course toward the completion of the dental therapy program. This may apply to one or more courses in the dental therapy program curriculum.

Humanistic Environment: Dental therapy programs are societies of learners, where graduates are prepared to join a learned and a scholarly society of oral health professionals. A humanistic pedagogy inculcates respect, tolerance, understanding, and concern for others and is fostered by mentoring, advising and small group interaction. A dental therapy program environment characterized by respectful professional relationships between and among faculty and students establishes a context for the development of interpersonal skills necessary for learning, for patient care, and for making meaningful contributions to the profession.

Health literacy: “The degree to which individuals have the capacity to obtain, process, and understand basic health information and services needed to make appropriate health decisions.”

(Institute of Medicine. 2004. *Health Literacy: A Prescription to End Confusion*. Washington, DC: The National Academies Press. <https://doi.org/10.17226.10883>.)

STANDARD 1-INSTITUTIONAL EFFECTIVENESS

- 1-1** The program **must** develop a clearly stated purpose/mission statement appropriate to dental therapy education, addressing teaching, patient care, research and service.

Intent: *A clearly defined purpose and a mission statement that is concise and communicated to faculty, staff, students, patients and other communities of interest is helpful in clarifying the purpose of the program.*

- 1-2** Ongoing planning for, assessment of and improvement of educational quality and program effectiveness **must** be broad-based, systematic, continuous, and designed to promote achievement of institutional goals related to institutional effectiveness, student achievement, patient care, research, and service.

Intent: *Assessment, planning, implementation and evaluation of the educational quality of a dental therapy education program that is broad-based, systematic, continuous and designed to promote achievement of program goals will maximize the academic success of the enrolled students. The Commission on Dental Accreditation expects each program to define its own goals and objectives for preparing individuals for the practice of dental therapy.*

Examples of evidence to demonstrate compliance may include:

- program completion rates
- employment rates
- success of graduates on licensing examinations
- surveys of alumni, students, employers, and clinical sites
- other benchmarks or measures of learning used to demonstrate effectiveness
- examples of program effectiveness in meeting its goals
- examples of how the program has been improved as a result of assessment
- ongoing documentation of change implementation
- mission, goals and strategic plan document
- assessment plan and timeline

- 1-3** The dental therapy education program **must** have a stated commitment to a humanistic culture and learning environment that is regularly evaluated.

Intent: *The dental therapy education program should ensure collaboration, mutual respect, cooperation, and harmonious relationships between and among administrators, faculty, students, staff, and alumni. The program should also support and cultivate the development of professionalism and ethical behavior by fostering diversity of faculty, students, and staff, open communication, leadership, and scholarship.*

Examples of evidence to demonstrate compliance may include:

- Established policies regarding ethical behavior by faculty, staff and students that are regularly reviewed and readily available
- Student, faculty, and patient groups involved in promoting diversity, professionalism and/or leadership support for their activities
- Focus groups and/or surveys directed towards gathering information on student, faculty, patient, and alumni perceptions of the cultural environment

- 1-4** The program **must** have policies and practices to:
- a. achieve appropriate levels of diversity among its students, faculty and staff;
 - b. engage in ongoing systematic and focused efforts to attract and retain students, faculty and staff from diverse backgrounds; and
 - c. systematically evaluate comprehensive strategies to improve the institutional climate for diversity.

Intent: *The program should develop strategies to address the dimensions of diversity including, structure, curriculum and institutional climate. The program should articulate its expectations regarding diversity across its academic community in the context of local and national responsibilities, and regularly assess how well such expectations are being achieved. Programs could incorporate elements of diversity in their planning that include, but are not limited to, gender, racial, ethnic, cultural and socioeconomic. Programs should establish focused, significant, and sustained programs to recruit and retain suitably diverse students, faculty, and staff.*

- 1-5** The financial resources **must** be sufficient to support the program’s stated purpose/mission, goals and objectives.

Intent: *The institution should have the financial resources required to develop and sustain the program on a continuing basis. The program should have the ability to employ an adequate number of full-time faculty, purchase and maintain equipment; procure supplies, reference material and teaching aids as reflected in an annual operating budget. Financial resources should ensure that the program will be in a position to recruit and retain qualified faculty. Annual appropriations should provide for innovations and changes necessary to reflect current concepts of education in the discipline. The Commission will assess the adequacy of financial support on the basis of current appropriations and the stability of sources of funding for the program.*

Examples of evidence to demonstrate compliance may include:

- program’s mission, goals, objectives and strategic plan
- institutional strategic plan
- revenue and expense statements for the program for the past three years
- revenue and expense projections for the program for the next three years

- 1-6** The program **must** be a recognized entity within the institution’s administrative structure which supports the attainment of program goals.

Intent: *The position of the program in the institution’s administrative structure should permit direct communication between the program administrator and institutional administrators who are responsible for decisions that directly affect the program. The administration of the program should include formal provisions for program planning, staffing, management, coordination and evaluation.*

Examples of evidence to demonstrate compliance may include:

- institutional organizational flow chart
- short and long-range strategic planning documents
- examples of program and institution interaction to meet program goals
- dental therapy representation on key college or university committees

1-7 Programs **must** be sponsored by institutions of higher education that are accredited by an institutional accrediting agency (i.e., a regional or appropriate* national accrediting agency) recognized by the United States Department of Education for offering college-level programs.

* Agencies whose mission includes the accreditation of institutions offering allied health education programs.

1-8 All arrangements with co-sponsoring or affiliated institutions **must** be formalized by means of written agreements which clearly define the roles and responsibilities of each institution involved.

Examples of evidence to demonstrate compliance may include:

- affiliation agreement(s)

1-9 The sponsoring institution **must** ensure that support from entities outside of the institution does not compromise the teaching, clinical and research components of the program.

Examples of evidence to demonstrate compliance may include:

- Written agreement(s)
- Contracts between the institution/ program and sponsor(s) (For example: contract(s)/agreement(s) related to facilities, funding, faculty allocations, etc.)

1-10 The authority and final responsibility for curriculum development and approval, student selection, faculty selection and administrative matters **must** rest within the sponsoring institution.

1-11 The program **must** show evidence of interaction with other components of the higher education, health care education and/or health care delivery systems.

Community Resources

- 1-12** There **must** be an active liaison mechanism between the program and the dental and allied dental professions in the community.

Intent: *The purpose of an active liaison mechanism is to provide a mutual exchange of information for improving the program, recruiting qualified students and meeting employment needs of the community. The responsibilities of the advisory body should be defined in writing and the program director, faculty, and appropriate institution personnel should participate in the meetings as non-voting members to receive advice and assistance.*

Examples of evidence to demonstrate compliance may include:

- policies and procedures regarding the liaison mechanism outlining responsibilities, appointments, terms and meetings
- membership list with equitable representation if the group represents more than one discipline
- criteria for the selection of advisory committee members
- an ongoing record of committee or group minutes, deliberations and activities

STANDARD 2-EDUCATIONAL PROGRAM

The dental therapist is a member of the oral healthcare team. The curriculum for dental therapy programs will support the overall education, training and assessment to a level of competency within the scope of dental therapy practice.

- 2-1** The curriculum **must** include at least three academic years of full-time instruction or its equivalent at the postsecondary college-level.

Intent: *The scope and depth of the curriculum should reflect the objectives and philosophy of higher education. The time necessary for psychomotor skill development and the number of required content areas require three academic years of study and is considered the minimum preparation for a dental therapist. This could include documentation of advanced standing. However, the curriculum may be structured to provide opportunity for students who require more time to extend the length of their instructional program.*

Examples of evidence to demonstrate compliance may include:

- copies of articulation agreements
- curriculum documents
- course evaluation forms and summaries
- records of competency examinations
- college catalog outlining course titles and descriptions
- documentation of advanced standing requirements

- 2-2** The stated goals of the program **must** be focused on educational outcomes and define the competencies needed for graduation, including the preparation of graduates who possess the knowledge, skills and values to begin the practice of dental therapy.

- 2-3** The program **must** have a curriculum management plan that ensures:
- a. an ongoing curriculum review and evaluation process which includes input from faculty, students, administration and other appropriate sources;
 - b. evaluation of all courses with respect to the defined competencies of the school to include student evaluation of instruction;
 - c. elimination of unwarranted repetition, outdated material, and unnecessary material;
 - d. incorporation of emerging information and achievement of appropriate sequencing.

2-4 The dental therapy education program **must** employ student evaluation methods that measure its defined competencies and are written and communicated to the enrolled students.

Intent: *Assessment of student performance should measure not only retention of factual knowledge, but also the development of skills, behaviors, and attitudes needed for subsequent education and practice. The evaluation of competence is an ongoing process that requires a variety of assessments that can measure not only the acquisition of knowledge and skills but also assess the process and procedures which will be necessary for entry level practice.*

2-5 Students **must** receive comparable instruction and assessment at all sites where required educational activity occurs through calibration of all appropriate faculty.

Examples of Evidence to demonstrate compliance may include:

- On-going faculty training
- Calibration training manuals
- Periodic monitoring for compliance
- Documentation of faculty participation in calibration-related activities

2-6 In advance of each course or other unit of instruction, students **must** be provided written information about the goals and requirements of each course, the nature of the course content, the method(s) of evaluation to be used, and how grades and competency are determined.

Intent: *The program should identify the dental therapy fundamental knowledge and competencies that will be included in the curriculum based on the program goals, resources, current dental therapy practice responsibilities and other influencing factors. Individual course documentation needs to be periodically reviewed and revised to accurately reflect instruction being provided as well as new concepts and techniques taught in the program.*

2-7 Academic standards and institutional due process policies and procedures **must** be provided in written form to the students and followed for remediation or dismissal.

Intent: *If a student does not meet evaluation criteria, provision should be made for remediation or dismissal. On the basis of designated criteria, both students and faculty can periodically assess progress in relation to the stated goals and objectives of the program.*

Examples of evidence to demonstrate compliance may include:

- written remediation policy and procedures
- records of attrition/retention rates related to academic performance
- institutional due process policies and procedures

2-8 Graduates **must** demonstrate the ability to self-assess, including the development of professional competencies related to their scope of practice and the demonstration of professional values and capacities associated with self-directed, lifelong learning.

Intent: *Educational program should prepare students to assume responsibility for their own learning. The education program should teach students how to learn and apply evolving and new knowledge over a complete career as a health care professional. Lifelong learning skills include student assessment of learning needs.*

Examples of evidence to demonstrate compliance may include:

- Students routinely assess their own progress toward overall competency and individual competencies as they progress through the curriculum
- Students identify learning needs and create personal learning plans
- Students participate in the education of others, including fellow students, patients, and other health care professionals, that involves critique and feedback

2-9 Graduates **must** be competent in the use of critical thinking and problem-solving, related to the scope of dental therapy practice including their use in the care of patients and knowledge of when to consult a dentist or other members of the healthcare team.

Intent: *Throughout the curriculum, the educational program should use teaching and learning methods that support the development of critical thinking and problem solving skills.*

Examples of evidence to demonstrate compliance may include:

- Explicit discussion of the meaning, importance, and application of critical thinking
- Use of questions by instructors that require students to analyze problem etiology, compare and evaluate alternative approaches, provide rationale for plans of action, and predict outcomes
- Prospective simulations in which students perform decision-making
- Retrospective critiques of cases in which decisions are reviewed to identify errors, reasons for errors, and exemplary performance

- Writing assignments that require students to analyze problems and discuss alternative theories about etiology and solutions, as well as to defend decisions made
- Asking students to analyze and discuss work products to compare how outcomes correspond to best evidence or other professional standards

Curriculum

- 2-10** The curriculum **must** include content that is integrated with sufficient depth, scope, sequence of instruction, quality and emphasis to ensure achievement of the curriculum's defined competencies in the following three areas: general education, biomedical sciences, and dental sciences (didactic and clinical).

***Intent:** Foundational knowledge should be established early in the dental therapy program and be of appropriate scope and depth to prepare the student to achieve competence in defined components of dental therapy practice. Content identified in each subject may not necessarily constitute a separate course, but the subject areas are included within the curriculum.*

Curriculum content and learning experiences should provide the foundation for continued formal education and professional growth with a minimal loss of time and duplication of learning experiences. General education, social science, and biomedical science courses included in the curriculum should be taught at the postsecondary level.

Programs and their sponsoring institutions are encouraged to provide for educational mobility of students through articulation arrangements and career laddering (e.g. between dental therapy education programs and dental hygiene or dental assisting education programs) that results in advanced standing permitted for dental hygienists or dental assistants.

- 2-11** General education content **must** include oral and written communications, psychology, and sociology.

***Intent:** These subjects provide prerequisite background for components of the curriculum, which prepare the students to communicate effectively, assume responsibility for individual oral health counseling, and participate in community health programs.*

- 2-12** Biomedical science instruction in dental therapy education **must** ensure an understanding of basic biological principles, consisting of a core of information on the fundamental structures, functions and interrelationships of the body systems in each of the following areas:

- a. head and neck and oral anatomy
- b. oral embryology and histology
- c. physiology

- d. chemistry
- e. biochemistry
- f. microbiology
- g. immunology
- h. general pathology and/or pathophysiology
- i. nutrition
- j. pharmacology

Intent: *These subjects provide background for both didactic and clinical dental sciences. The subjects are to be of the scope and depth comparable to college transferable liberal arts course work. The program should ensure that biomedical science instruction serves as a foundation for student analysis and synthesis of the interrelationships of the body systems when making decisions regarding oral health services within the context of total body health. The biomedical knowledge base emphasizes the orofacial complex as an important anatomical area existing in a complex biological interrelationship with the entire body.*

Dental therapists need to recognize abnormal conditions to understand the parameters of dental therapy care. The program should ensure that graduates have the level of understanding that assures that the health status of the patient will not be compromised by the dental therapy interventions.

2-13 Didactic dental sciences content **must** ensure an understanding of basic dental principles, consisting of a core of information in each of the following areas within the scope of dental therapy:

- a. tooth morphology
- b. oral pathology
- c. oral medicine
- d. radiology
- e. periodontology
- f. cariology
- g. atraumatic restorative treatment (ART)
- h. operative dentistry
- i. pain management
- j. dental materials
- k. dental disease etiology and epidemiology
- l. preventive counseling and health promotion
- m. patient management
- n. pediatric dentistry
- o. geriatric dentistry
- p. medical and dental emergencies
- q. oral surgery
- r. prosthodontics
- s. infection and hazard control management, including provision of oral health care services to patients with bloodborne infectious diseases.

Intent: *These subjects provide the student with knowledge of oral health and disease as a basis for assuming responsibility for implementing preventive and therapeutic services. Teaching methodologies should be utilized to assure that the student can assume responsibility for the assimilation of knowledge requiring judgment, decision making skills and critical analysis.*

- 2-14** Graduates **must** be competent in managing a diverse patient population and have the interpersonal and communications skills to function successfully in a multicultural work environment.

Intent: *Students should learn about factors and practices associated with disparities in health status among populations, including but not limited to, racial, ethnic, geographic, or socioeconomic groups. In this manner, students will be best prepared for dental therapy practice in a diverse society when they learn in an environment characterized by, and supportive of, diversity and inclusion. Such an environment should facilitate dental therapy education in:*

- *basic principles of culturally competent health care;*
- *basic principles of health literacy and effective communication for all patient populations;*
- *recognition of health care disparities and the development of solutions;*
- *the importance of meeting the health care needs of dentally underserved populations, and;*
- *the development of core professional attributes, such as altruism, empathy, and social accountability, needed to provide effective care in a multi-dimensionally diverse society.*

Dental therapists should be able to effectively communicate with individuals, groups and other health care providers. The ability to communicate verbally and in written form is basic to the safe and effective provision of oral health services for diverse populations. Dental therapists should recognize the cultural influences impacting the delivery of health services to individuals and communities (i.e. health status, health services and health beliefs).

Examples of evidence to demonstrate compliance may include:

- student projects demonstrating the ability to communicate effectively with a variety of individuals and groups.
- examples of individual and community-based oral health projects implemented by students during the previous academic year
- evaluation mechanisms designed to monitor knowledge and performance

- 2-15** Graduates **must** be competent in communicating and collaborating with other members of the health care team to facilitate the provision of health care.

Intent: *In attaining competence, students should understand the roles of members of the health care team and have educational experiences, particularly clinical experiences that involve working with other healthcare professional students and practitioners. Students should have educational experiences in which they participate in the coordination of patient care within the health care system relevant to dentistry.*

Ethics and Professionalism

- 2-16** Graduates **must** be competent in the application of the principles of ethical decision making and professional responsibility.

Intent: *Graduates should know how to draw on a range of resources, among which are professional codes, regulatory law, and ethical theories. These resources should pertain to the academic environment, patient care, practice management and research. They should guide judgment and action for issues that are complex, novel, ethically arguable, divisive, or of public concern.*

- 2-17** Graduates **must** be competent in applying legal and regulatory concepts to the provision and/or support of oral health care services.

Intent: *Dental therapists should understand the laws which govern the practice of the dental profession. Graduates should know how to access licensure requirements, rules and regulations, and state practice acts for guidance in judgment and action.*

Examples of evidence to demonstrate compliance may include:

- evaluation mechanisms designed to monitor knowledge and performance concerning legal and regulatory concepts
- outcomes assessment mechanisms

Clinical Sciences

- 2-18** Graduates **must** be able to access, critically appraise, apply, and communicate information as it relates to providing evidence-based patient care within the scope of dental therapy practice.

Intent: *The education program should introduce students to the basic principles of research and its application for patients.*

- 2-19** The program **must** ensure the availability of adequate patient experiences that afford all students the opportunity to achieve its stated competencies within a reasonable time.

Intent: *Sufficient practice time and learning experiences should be provided during preclinical and clinical courses to ensure that students attain clinical competence. Recognizing that there is a single standard of dental care, the care experiences provided for patients by students should be adequate to ensure competency in all components of dental therapy.*

Examples of evidence to demonstrate compliance may include:

- program clinical experiences
- patient tracking data for enrolled and past students
- policies regarding selection of patients and assignment of procedures
- monitoring or tracking system protocols
- clinical evaluation system policy and procedures demonstrating student competencies
- clinic schedules for each term

- 2-20** Graduates **must** be competent in providing oral health care within the scope of dental therapy to patients in all stages of life.

The dental therapist provides care with supervision at a level specified by the state dental practice act. The curriculum for dental therapy programs will support the following competencies within the scope of dental therapy practice.

- 2-21** At a minimum, graduates **must** be competent in providing oral health care within the scope of dental therapy practice with supervision as defined by the state practice acts, including:
- a. identify oral and systemic conditions requiring evaluation and/or treatment by dentists, physicians or other healthcare providers, and manage referrals
 - b. comprehensive charting of the oral cavity
 - c. oral health instruction and disease prevention education, including nutritional counseling and dietary analysis
 - d. exposing radiographic images
 - e. dental prophylaxis including sub-gingival scaling and/or polishing procedures

- f. dispensing and administering via the oral and/or topical route non-narcotic analgesics, anti-inflammatory, and antibiotic medications as prescribed by a licensed healthcare provider
- g. applying topical preventive or prophylactic agents (i.e. fluoride) , including fluoride varnish, antimicrobial agents, and pit and fissure sealants
- h. pulp vitality testing
- i. applying desensitizing medication or resin
- j. fabricating athletic mouthguards
- k. changing periodontal dressings
- l. administering local anesthetic
- m. simple extraction of erupted primary teeth
- n. emergency palliative treatment of dental pain limited to the procedures in this section
- o. preparation and placement of direct restoration in primary and permanent teeth
- p. fabrication and placement of single-tooth temporary crowns
- q. preparation and placement of preformed crowns on primary teeth
- r. indirect and direct pulp capping on permanent teeth
- s. indirect pulp capping on primary teeth
- t. suture removal
- u. minor adjustments and repairs on removable prostheses
- v. removal of space maintainers

Intent: *Graduates should be able to evaluate, assess, and apply current and emerging science and technology. Graduates should possess the basic knowledge, skills, and values to practice dental therapy at the time of graduation. The school identifies the competencies that will be included in the curriculum based on the school's goals, resources, accepted dental therapy responsibilities and other influencing factors. Programs should define overall competency, in order to measure the graduate's readiness to enter the practice of dental therapy.*

Additional Dental Therapy Functions

- 2-22** Where graduates of a CODA-accredited dental therapy program are authorized to perform additional functions defined by the program's state-specific dental board or regulatory agency, program curriculum **must** include content at the level, depth, and scope required by the state. Further, curriculum content **must** include didactic and laboratory/preclinical/clinical objectives for the additional dental therapy skills and functions. Students **must** demonstrate laboratory/preclinical/clinical competence in performing these skills.

Intent: *Functions allowed by the state dental board or regulatory agency for dental therapists are taught and evaluated at the depth and scope required by the state. The*

inclusion of additional functions cannot compromise the scope of the educational program or content required in the Accreditation Standards and may require extension of the program length.

2-23 Dental therapy program learning experiences **must** be defined by the program goals and objectives.

2-24 Dental therapy education programs **must** have students engage in service learning experiences and/or community-based learning experiences.

Intent: *Service learning experiences and/or community-based learning experiences are essential to the development of a culturally competent oral health care workforce. The interaction and treatment of diverse populations in a community-based clinical environment adds a special dimension to clinical learning experience and engenders a life-long appreciation for the value of community service.*

STANDARD 3- FACULTY AND STAFF

- 3-1** The program director **must** have a full-time administrative appointment as defined by the institution and have primary responsibility for operation, supervision, evaluation and revision of the Dental Therapy educational program.

Intent: *To allow sufficient time to fulfill administrative responsibilities, teaching contact hours should be limited for the program director and should not take precedent over administrative responsibilities.*

- 3-2** The program director **must** be a licensed dentist (DDS/DMD) or a licensed dental therapist possessing a master's or higher degree. The director **must** be a graduate of a program accredited by the Commission on Dental Accreditation and who has background in education and the professional experience necessary to understand and fulfill the program's mission and goals.

Intent: *The program director's background should include administrative experience, instructional experience, and professional experience in general dentistry. The term of interim/acting program director should not exceed a two year period.*

Examples of evidence to demonstrate compliance may include:

- bio sketch of program director.

- 3-3** The program director **must** have the authority and responsibility necessary to fulfill program goals including:

- a) curriculum development, evaluation and revision;
- b) faculty recruitment, assignments and supervision;
- c) input into faculty evaluation;
- d) initiation of program or department in-service and faculty development;
- e) assessing, planning and operating program facilities;
- f) input into budget preparation and fiscal administration;
- g) coordination, evaluation and participation in determining admission criteria and procedures as well as student promotion and retention criteria.

Examples of evidence to demonstrate compliance may include:

- program director position description

- 3-4** The number and distribution of faculty and staff **must** be sufficient to meet the program's stated purpose/mission, goals and objectives, at all sites where required educational activity occurs.

Intent: *Student contact loads should allow the faculty sufficient time for class preparation, student evaluation and counseling, development of subject content and*

appropriate evaluation criteria and methods, program development and review, and professional development.

Examples of evidence to demonstrate compliance may include:

- faculty schedules including student contact loads and supplemental responsibilities

3-5 The faculty to student ratio for preclinical, clinical and radiographic clinical and laboratory sessions **must** not exceed one to six. The faculty to student ratio for laboratory sessions in the dental science courses **must** not exceed one to ten to ensure the development of clinical competence and maximum protection of the patient, faculty and students.

Intent: *The adequacy of numbers of faculty should be determined by faculty to student ratios during laboratory, radiography and supervised patient care clinics rather than by the total number of full-time equivalent positions for the program. The faculty to student ratios in clinical and radiographic practice should allow for individualized instruction and assessment of students' progression toward competency. Faculty are also responsible for ensuring that the patient care services delivered by students meet the program's standard of care.*

Examples of evidence to demonstrate compliance may include:

- faculty teaching commitments
- class schedules
- listing of ratios for clinical, radiographic and laboratory courses

3-6 All faculty of a dental therapy program **must** be educationally qualified for the specific subjects they are teaching.

Intent: *Faculty should have current background in education theory and practice, concepts relative to the specific subjects they are teaching, clinical practice experience and, if applicable, distance education techniques and delivery. Dentists, dental therapists, dental hygienists, and expanded function dental assistants who supervise students' clinical procedures should have qualifications which comply with the state dental practice act. Individuals who teach and supervise students in clinical experiences should have qualifications comparable to faculty who teach in the main program clinic and are familiar with the program's objectives, content, instructional methods and evaluation procedures.*

Examples of evidence to demonstrate compliance may include:

- faculty curriculum vitae

3-7 The program **must** show evidence of an ongoing faculty development process.

Intent: *Ongoing faculty development is a requirement to improve teaching and learning, to foster curricular change, to enhance retention and job satisfaction of faculty, and to maintain the vitality of academic dentistry as the wellspring of a learned profession. Effective teaching requires not only content knowledge, but an understanding of pedagogy, including knowledge of curriculum design and development, curriculum evaluation, and teaching methodologies.*

Examples of evidence to demonstrate compliance may include:

- evidence of participation in workshops, in-service training, self-study courses, on-line and credited courses
- attendance at regional and national meetings that address education
- mentored experiences for new faculty
- scholarly productivity
- maintenance of existing and development of new and/or emerging clinical skills
- records of calibration of faculty

3-8 The faculty, as appropriate to meet the program’s purpose/mission, goals and objectives, **must** engage in scholarly activity.

3-9 Faculty **must** be ensured a form of governance that allows participation in the school’s decision-making processes.

3-10 A defined faculty evaluation process **must** exist that ensures objective measurement of the performance of each faculty member.

Intent: *An objective evaluation system including student, administration and peer evaluation can identify strengths and weaknesses for each faculty member (to include those at distance sites) including the program administrator. The results of evaluations should be communicated to faculty members on a regular basis to ensure continued improvement.*

Examples of evidence to demonstrate compliance may include:

- sample evaluation mechanisms addressing teaching, patient care, research, scholarship and service
- faculty evaluation policy, procedures and mechanisms

3-11 The dental therapy program faculty **must** be granted privileges and responsibilities as afforded all other comparable institutional faculty.

Examples of evidence to demonstrate compliance may include:

- institution’s promotion/tenure policy

- faculty senate handbook
- institutional policies and procedures governing faculty

3-12 Qualified institutional support personnel **must** be assigned to the program to support both the instructional program and the clinical facilities providing a safe environment for the provision of instruction and patient care.

Intent: *Maintenance and custodial staff should be sufficient to meet the unique needs of the academic and clinical program facilities. Faculty should have access to instructional specialists, such as those in the areas of curriculum, testing, counseling, computer usage, instructional resources and educational psychology. Secretarial and clerical staff should be assigned to assist the administrator and faculty in preparing course materials, correspondence, maintaining student records, and providing supportive services for student recruitment and admissions activities. Support staff should be assigned to assist with the operation of the clinic facility including the management of appointments, records, billing, insurance, inventory, hazardous waste, and infection control.*

Examples of evidence to demonstrate compliance may include:

- description of current program support/personnel staffing
- program staffing schedules
- staff job descriptions
- examples of how support staff are used to support students

STANDARD 4-EDUCATIONAL SUPPORT SERVICES

Admissions

- 4-1 Specific written criteria, policies and procedures **must** be followed when admitting students.

Intent: *The dental therapy education curriculum is a postsecondary scientifically-oriented program which is rigorous and intensive. Previous academic performance and/or performance on standardized national tests of scholastic aptitude or other predictors of scholastic aptitude and ability should be utilized as criteria in selecting students who have the potential for successfully completing the program. Applicants should be informed of the criteria and procedures for selection, goals of the program, curricular content, course transferability and the scope of practice of and employment opportunities for dental therapists.*

Because enrollment is limited by facility capacity, special program admissions criteria and procedures are necessary to ensure that students are selected who have the potential for successfully completing the program. The program administrator and faculty, in cooperation with appropriate institutional personnel, should establish admissions procedures which are non-discriminatory and ensure the quality of the program.

Examples of evidence to demonstrate compliance may include:

- admissions management policies and procedures
- copies of catalogs, program brochures or other written materials
- established ranking procedures or criteria for selection
- minutes from admissions committee
- periodic analysis supporting the validity of established admission criteria and procedures
- results from institutional research used in interpreting admissions data and criteria and/or correlating data with student performance
- advanced standing policies and procedures, if appropriate

- 4-2 Admission policies and procedures **must** be designed to include recruitment and admission of a diverse student population.

Intent: *Admissions criteria and procedures should ensure the selection of a diverse student body with the potential for successfully completing the program. The administration and faculty, in cooperation with appropriate institutional personnel, should establish admissions procedures that are non-discriminatory and ensure the quality of the program.*

4-3 Admission of students with advanced standing **must** be based on the same standards of achievement required by students regularly enrolled in the program. Advanced standing requirements for career laddering into a dental therapy program **must** meet advanced standing requirements of the college or university offering advanced standing for dental therapy.

Intent: *Advanced standing refers to applicants that may be considered for admission to a training program whose curriculum has been modified after taking into account the applicant's past experience. Examples include transfer from a similar program at another institution, completion of training at a non-CODA accredited program, or documented practice experience in the given discipline. Acceptance of advanced standing students/residents will not result in an increase of the program's approved number of enrollees. Applicants for advanced standing are expected to fulfill all of the admission requirements mandated for students/residents in the conventional program and be held to the same academic standards. Advanced standing students/residents, to be certified for completion, are expected to demonstrate the same standards of competence as those in the conventional program.*

4-4 Students with advanced standing **must** receive an individualized assessment and an appropriate curriculum plan that results in the same standards of competence for graduation required by students regularly enrolled in the program.

Examples of evidence to demonstrate compliance may include:

- Policies and procedures on advanced standing
- Results of appropriate qualifying examinations
- Course equivalency or other measures to demonstrate equal scope and level of knowledge

4-5 The number of students enrolled in the program **must** be proportionate to the resources available.

Intent: *In determining the number of dental therapy students enrolled in a program (inclusive of distance sites), careful consideration should be given to ensure that the number of students does not exceed the program's resources, including patient supply, financial support, scheduling options, facilities, equipment, technology and faculty.*

Examples of evidence to demonstrate compliance may include:

- sufficient number of clinical and laboratory stations based on enrollment
- clinical schedules demonstrating equitable and sufficient clinical unit assignments
- clinical schedules demonstrating equitable and sufficient radiology unit assignments

- faculty full-time equivalent (FTE) positions relative to enrollment
- budget resources and strategic plan
- equipment maintenance and replacement plan
- patient pool availability analysis
- course schedules for all terms

Facilities and Resources

4-6 The program **must** provide adequate and appropriately maintained facilities and learning resources to support the purpose/mission of the program and which are in conformance with applicable regulations.

Intent: *The classroom facilities should include an appropriate number of student stations with equipment and space for individual student performance in a safe environment.*

4-7 The clinical facilities **must** include the following:

- a) sufficient clinical facility with clinical stations for students including conveniently located hand washing sinks and view boxes and/or computer monitors; functional, equipment; an area that accommodates a full range of operator movement and opportunity for proper instructor supervision;
- b) a capacity of the clinic that accommodates individual student practice on a regularly scheduled basis throughout all phases of preclinical technique and clinical instruction;
- c) a sterilizing area that includes sufficient space for preparing, sterilizing and storing instruments;
- d) sterilizing equipment and personal protective equipment/supplies that follow current infection and hazard control protocol;
- e) facilities and materials for students, faculty and staff that provide compliance with accepted infection and hazard control protocols;
- f) patient records kept in an area assuring safety and confidentiality.

Intent: *The facilities should permit the attainment of program goals and objectives. To ensure health and safety for patients, students, faculty and staff, the physical facilities and equipment should effectively accommodate the clinic and/or laboratory schedule. This Standard applies to all sites where students receive clinical instruction.*

4-8 Radiography facilities **must** be sufficient for development of clinical competence and contain the following:

- a) an appropriate number of radiography exposure rooms which include: dental radiography units; teaching manikin(s); and conveniently located hand-washing sinks;
- b) processing and/or imaging equipment;
- c) an area for viewing radiographs;
- d) documentation of compliance with applicable local, state and federal regulations.

Intent: *The radiography facilities should allow the attainment of program goals and objectives. Radiography facilities and equipment should effectively accommodate the clinic and/or laboratory schedules, the number of students, faculty and staff, and comply with applicable regulations to ensure effective instruction in a safe environment. This Standard applies to all sites where students receive clinical instruction.*

4-9 A multipurpose laboratory facility **must** be provided for effective instruction and allow for required laboratory activities and contain the following:

- a) placement and location of equipment that is conducive to efficient and safe utilization;
- b) student stations that are designed and equipped for students to work while seated including sufficient ventilation and lighting, necessary utilities, storage space, and an adjustable chair;
- c) documentation of compliance with applicable local, state and federal regulations.

Intent: *The laboratory facilities should include student stations with equipment and space for individual student performance of laboratory procedures with instructor supervision. This Standard applies to all sites where students receive clinical instruction.*

4-10 Office space which allows for privacy **must** be provided for the program administrator and faculty

Intent: *Office space for full- and part-time faculty should be allocated to allow for class preparation, student counseling and supportive academic activities. Student and program records should be stored to ensure confidentiality and safety.*

4-11 Instructional aids, equipment, and library holdings **must** be provided for student learning.

Intent: *The acquisition of knowledge, skills and values for students requires the use of current instructional methods and materials to support learning needs and development. All students, including those receiving education at distance sites, should be assured access to learning resources. Institutional library holdings should include or provide*

access to a diversified collection of current dental and medical literature and references necessary to support teaching, student learning needs, service, research and development. There should be a mechanism for program faculty to periodically review, acquire and select current titles and instructional aids.

Examples of evidence to demonstrate compliance may include:

- a list of references on education, medicine, dentistry, dental therapy, dental hygiene, dental assisting and the biomedical sciences
- policies and procedures related to learning resource access
- timely electronic access to a wide variety of professional scientific literature
- skeletal and anatomic models and replicas, sequential samples of laboratory procedures, slides, films, video, and other media which depict current techniques
- a wide range of printed materials and instructional aids and equipment available for utilization by students and faculty
- current and back issues of major scientific and professional journals related to medicine, dentistry, dental therapy, dental hygiene, dental assisting and the biomedical sciences

Student Services

4-12 Student services **must** include the following:

- a. personal, academic and career counseling of students;
- b. assuring student participation on appropriate committees;
- c. providing appropriate information about the availability of financial aid and health services;
- d. developing and reviewing specific written procedures to ensure due process and the protection of the rights of students;
- e. student advocacy; and
- f. maintenance of the integrity of student performance and evaluation records.

Intent: *All policies and procedures should protect the students and provide avenues for appeal and due process. Policies should ensure that student records accurately reflect the work accomplished and are maintained in a secure manner. Students should have available the necessary support to provide career information and guidance as to practice, post-graduate and research opportunities.*

Student Financial Aid

- 4-13** At the time of acceptance, students **must** be advised of the total expected cost of their education and opportunities for employment.

Intent: *Financial information should include estimates of living expenses and educational fees, an analysis of financial need, and the availability of financial aid.*

- 4-14** The institution **must** be in compliance with all federal and state regulations relating to student financial aid and student privacy.

Health Services

- 4-15** The dental therapy program **must** advise prospective students of mandatory health standards that will ensure that prospective students are qualified to undertake dental therapy studies.

- 4-16** There **must** be a mechanism for ready access to health care for students while they are enrolled in dental therapy school.

- 4-17** Students **must** be encouraged to be immunized against infectious diseases, such as mumps, measles, rubella, and hepatitis B, prior to contact with patients and/or infectious objects or materials, in an effort to minimize the risk of infection to patients, dental personnel, and themselves.

Intent: *All individuals who provide patient care or have contact with patients should follow all standards of risk management thus ensuring a safe and healthy environment.*

Examples of evidence to demonstrate compliance may include:

- policies and procedures regarding infectious disease immunizations
- immunization compliance records
- declinations forms

STANDARD 5 – HEALTH, SAFETY, AND PATIENT CARE PROVISIONS

- 5-1** Written policies and procedures **must** be in place to ensure the safe use of ionizing radiation, which include criteria for patient selection, frequency of exposing radiographs on patients, and retaking radiographs consistent with current standard of care.

Intent: *All radiographic exposure should be integrated with clinical patient care procedures.*

- 5-2** Written policies and procedures **must** establish and enforce a mechanism to ensure adequate preclinical/clinical/laboratory asepsis, infection and biohazard control, and disposal of hazardous waste.

Intent: *Policies and procedures should be in place to provide for a safe environment for students, patients, faculty and staff.*

- 5-3** The school’s policies and procedures **must** ensure that the confidentiality of information pertaining to the health status of each individual patient is strictly maintained

- 5-4** All students, faculty and support staff involved in the direct provision of patient care **must** be continuously certified in basic life support (B.L.S.), including healthcare provider cardiopulmonary resuscitation with an Automated External Defibrillator (AED), and be able to manage common medical emergencies.

Examples of evidence to demonstrate compliance may include:

- accessible and functional emergency equipment, including oxygen
- instructional materials
- written protocol and procedures
- emergency kit(s)
- installed and functional safety devices and equipment
- first aid kit accessible for use in managing clinic and/or laboratory accidents

- 5-5** The program **must** conduct a formal system of continuous quality improvement for the patient care program that demonstrates evidence of:
- a. standards of care that are patient-centered, focused on comprehensive care and written in a format that facilitates assessment with measurable criteria;
 - b. an ongoing review and analysis of compliance with the defined standards of care;
 - c. an ongoing review of a representative sample of patients and patient records to assess the appropriateness, necessity and quality of the care provided;
 - d. mechanisms to determine the cause(s) of treatment deficiencies; and
 - e. implementation of corrective measures as appropriate.

Intent: *Programs should create and maintain databases for monitoring and improving patient care and serving as a resource for research and evidence-based practice.*

- 5-6** The program **must** have policies and mechanisms in place that inform patients, verbally and in writing, about their comprehensive treatment needs and the scope of dental therapy care available at the dental therapy facilities.

Intent: *All patients should receive appropriate care that assures their rights as a patient are protected. Patients should be advised of their treatment needs and the scope of care available at the training facility and appropriately referred for procedures that cannot be provided by the program. This Standard applies to all program sites where clinical education is provided.*

Examples of evidence to demonstrate compliance may include:

- documentation of an ongoing review of a representative sample of patients and patient records to assess the appropriateness, necessity and quality of care provided
- quality assurance policy and procedures
- patient bill of rights

- 5-7** The program **must** develop and distribute a written statement of patients' rights and commitment to patient-centered care to all patients, appropriate students, faculty, and staff.

Intent: *The primacy of care for the patient should be well established in the management of the program and clinical facility assuring that the rights of the patient are protected. A written statement of patient rights should include:*

- a) *considerate, respectful and confidential treatment;*
- b) *continuity and completion of treatment;*
- c) *access to complete and current information about his/her condition;*
- d) *advance knowledge of the cost of treatment;*

- e) *informed consent;*
- f) *explanation of recommended treatment, treatment alternatives, the option to refuse treatment, the risk of no treatment, and expected outcomes of various treatments;*
- g) *treatment that meets the standard of care in the profession.*

5-8 The use of quantitative criteria for student advancement and graduation **must** not compromise the delivery of patient care.

Intent: *The need for students to satisfactorily complete specific clinical requirements prior to advancement and graduation should not adversely affect the health and care of patients.*

Examples of evidence to demonstrate compliance may include:

- patient bill of rights
- documentation that patients are informed of their rights
- continuing care (recall) referral policies and procedures

5-9 Patient care **must** be evidenced-based, integrating the best research evidence and patient values.

Intent: *The program should use evidence to evaluate new technology and products and to guide treatment decisions.*

5-10 The program **must** ensure that active patients have access to professional services at all times for the management of dental emergencies.